What we've done

March 2020: Broadband DATA Act

Specified collection of broadband data

July 2020: Second Report and Order/FNPRM

- Reporting
- Broadband Serviceable Locations Fabric
- Processes for verifying data: USAC HUBB Database; audits; crowdsourcing

December 2020: Consolidated Appropriations Act

Funding for implementation and administration of data collection

January 2021: Third Report and Order

- Further refinements and challenge processes
- Technical and other determinations delegated to OEA, WCB, WTB, OET

What We Need to Accomplish

Data sources

- Provider data
- Local-government data
- Tribal-government data
- Federal—government data
- Third-party data
- Public data
- Broadband-serviceable location fabric



Outputs

- Improved public maps
- More precisely-targeted Universal-Service Funding
- Better Data for Commission reports and analyses

Data-quality processes

- Validation
- Technical assistance
- Challenge and crowdsourcing processes
- Audits

What we'll get

- Fixed-broadband availability data down to the individual location
- Mobile-broadband availability data standardized across providers
- Challenge process to identify and dispute provider data
- Incorporating data from Tribal, state, and local governments
- Crowdsourced information to support verification efforts
- Audits and enforcement

Next steps

- Seek comment and publish orders on various technical requirements
- Procurements for IT development for data collection and map, and Broadband Serviceable Location Fabric, followed by development/ implementation and testing
- Feasibility study of working with United States Postal Service
- Public Notice to announce start of filing, followed by initial data collection and map publication
- Outreach to Tribes and small filers